



STARTER TENANCY POLICY

Originator:	Regulatory Compliance Team
Approval date:	November 2025
Review date:	November 2028

1	Introduction
1.1	Pine Court Housing Association (PCHA) uses starter tenancies as a way of helping people develop tenancy management skills and also as an effective measure to deal with Anti-Social Behaviour (ASB) from its tenants and visitors to their properties.
1.2	This Policy outlines the provisions PCHA has in place to use starter tenancies, as part of a wider strategy to reduce and control ASB associated with tenancies it issues and the options to demote assured (non-short-hold) tenancies, if required.
1.3	<p>The above powers have been given to Registered Housing Providers under section 21 of the Housing Act 1988 as amended by the Housing Act 1996. This Policy ensures PCHA complies with the requirements of the above Housing Acts and also takes into consideration:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The UK Data Protection Act 2018 • UK General Data Protection Regulation 2018 • UK Data (Use and Access) Act 2025 • The Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003 • Anti-social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014
1.4	<p>The application of this Policy ensures compliance with the outcomes of the Regulatory Framework for Social Housing in England as outlined below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Registered providers shall: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Work in partnership with other agencies to prevent and tackle anti-social behaviour in the neighbourhoods where they own homes ○ Registered providers must allocate and let their homes in a fair and transparent way that takes the needs of tenants¹ and prospective tenants into account ○ Registered providers must support tenants to maintain their tenancy or licence. Where a registered provider ends a tenancy or licence, they must offer affected tenants advice and assistance ○ Registered providers shall offer tenancies or terms of occupation which are compatible with the purpose of the accommodation, the needs of individual households, the sustainability of the community, and the efficient use of their housing stock.

1.5	Access and Communication
1.5.1	PCHA is committed to ensuring that our services are accessible to everyone. PCHA will seek alternative methods of access and service delivery where barriers, perceived or real may exist, that may make it difficult for people to work for the organisation or use its services.
1.5.2	Working with our customers we have established a Vulnerable Persons and Reasonable Adjustments Policy to ensure we make best use of every customer interaction to meet customers' needs in our service delivery and ensure this information is kept up to date.
1.6	Equality, Diversity and Human Rights
1.6.1	PCHA is committed to fairness and equality for all customers, colleagues, and stakeholders.
1.6.2	PCHA's approach to Equality, Diversity, and Inclusion (EDI) goes beyond legal or statutory obligations, however, PCHA will meet or exceed its legal requirements as outlined in the Equality Act 2010 and the Human Rights Act 1998. This policy also demonstrates how PCHA will meet the requirements of Public Sector Equality Duties, which it has chosen to adopt and implement as a matter of good practice rather than as a legal obligation.
1.6.3	PCHA is fully committed to eliminating unfair and unlawful discrimination. Hate Crime, Harassment, and Bullying will also not be tolerated, and take proactive steps to prevent such behaviours.
1.6.4	<p>It is unlawful to discriminate directly or indirectly based on the following protected characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disability • Gender • Gender identity, or gender reassignment status • Race, racial group, ethnic or national origin, or nationality • Religion or belief • Sexual orientation • Age • Marriage or civil partnership status • Pregnancy or maternity
1.6.5	PCHA are also committed to ensuring that individuals are not treated less favourably due to their social, economic, or cultural backgrounds, as well as specific medical conditions as defined in the Equality Act.
1.6.6	PCHA regularly review policies and practices to ensure they reflect its commitment to equality and diversity.
1.7	<p>This Policy should be read in conjunction with the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PCHA Tenancy Transfer, Succession and Mutual Exchange Policy • PCHA Tenancy Policy • PCHA Rent Payment and Arrears Recovery Policy • PCHA Complaints, Appeals and Feedback Policy • PCHA Anti-Social Behaviour Policy

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PCHA Vulnerable Persons and Reasonable Adjustments Policy
2	Statement of intent
2.1	PCHA will comply with all legal requirements in regard to the management of starter tenancies and the contractual obligations contained within tenancy agreements. This will also include the provisions to demote assured tenancies and protected assured tenancies or the extension of starter tenancies, as required.
2.2	PCHA will inform all new tenants at the sign-up process of their rights and responsibilities and appropriate conduct that will be expected of them during the term of their tenancy.
2.3	All new tenants will be advised of the possible actions that may apply if they breach any of the tenancy conditions and the likely timescales that will apply.
2.4	<p>PCHA will inform all tenants of any intended tenancy enforcement actions, where these are necessary, clearly outlining:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The course of action to be pursued • The possible consequences for the tenant(s) • The reasons why the actions are being pursued • Details of how to appeal any decisions
2.5	<p>In all cases where PCHA is considering tenancy enforcement action, an assessment will be made of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The tenant's individual circumstances and the need for any additional tenancy support if they are deemed to be vulnerable for any reason • Their capacity to understand the actions being pursued against them including mental health assessment (where necessary via relevant professional practitioner)
2.6	<p>PCHA may use the powers contained within the Housing Acts (1988 and 1996) relating to the management of ASB, The Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003 and the Anti-social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014 as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The option to apply to the courts for accelerated proceedings to bring starter tenancies to an end • The option to extend starter tenancy periods, and • The option to demote assured (non-short-hold) or protected assured (non-short-hold) tenancies (For further details please see PCHA Anti-Social Behaviour Policy)
2.7	Where rent arrears occur, PCHA may use the powers that exist under Section 21 of the Housing Act 1988 (the short-hold ground) in circumstances to regain possession of the property. PCHA will always in the first instance seek to work with tenants to reach agreement to pay before pursuing legal action (and will comply with the pre-action protocol for rent arrears before commencing legal action).

2.8	Where PCHA is forced to seek possession of a property due to rent arrears, it will rely on Grounds 10 and 11 in Schedule 2 of the Housing Act 1988, as amended by the Housing Act 1996
2.9	PCHA may utilise Ground 8, a 'mandatory possession ground' or the 'Fast-track' proceedings, if permissible, depending on the type and date of issue of the tenancy agreement that is in place. For further details on grounds for possession, please refer to the PCHA Rent Payment and Arrears Recovery Policy.
2.10	PCHA will monitor the conduct of starter tenancies via a series of structured visits in the first 12 months of the tenancy or at any other time if concerns are raised or in response to incidents.
2.11	Where PCHA takes actions to bring starter tenancies to an end, a review process will exist allowing tenants the option to make personal representation. The review process will also be an option where PCHA seeks to demote assured tenancies.
3	Policy
3.1	Monitoring Starter Tenancies
3.1.1	All new social housing tenancies that PCHA issue will be an assured short-hold tenancy or starter tenancy. The starter tenancy would normally last for a period of 12 months and provided there are no serious breaches of tenancy agreement during this period, they will convert into an assured (non-short-hold) tenancy on the anniversary of the tenancy commencement date.
3.1.2	In line with PCHA's tenancy sustainment drive, customers who have been identified as having additional support needs may receive additional visits, support or referrals, in the first 12 months of the tenancy, as required.
3.1.3	At the visits an assessment will be made of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any rent arrears • The general condition of the property • Any breaches of tenancy, including reports of ASB • Individual circumstances and if there are any support needs or enhanced service requirements that are not currently being met • Any safeguarding concerns raised or noted
3.1.4	In addition to these scheduled visits, PCHA may carry out ad hoc home visits in pursuance of rent arrears, in response to incidents or at the tenants' request.
3.1.5	PCHA will use the information gathered at the scheduled visits and any other information in relation to the conduct of the tenancy when considering whether to allow starter tenancies to convert into an assured (non-short-hold) tenancy or for any tenancy enforcement action.
3.1.6	At the final scheduled visit (usually at 9 months), the PCHA staff member attending will inform the tenant(s) of PCHA's intentions to:

- Convert the tenancy at the 12 month anniversary to an assured (non-short-hold) tenancy – (provided there are no tenancy breaches in the remaining 3 months)
- Extend the starter tenancy for an additional 3 months period (to take effect on the 12 month anniversary) and the reasons why this course of action is being pursued
- Start actions to bring the tenancy to an end (see below) – clearly outlining the reasons why this course of action is being pursued unless action has already been started after 6 months of the commencement of the tenancy

3.2 Terminating Starter Tenancies

- 3.2.1 In line with its objective to promote sustainable communities, PCHA will only consider seeking possession of properties as a last resort.
- 3.2.2 In line with the provisions of the Housing Act 1988, as amended by the Housing Act 1996, PCHA may commence possession proceedings within the first six months of the starter tenancy, however, the date for gaining possession by the court will not be until the tenancy is at least six months old.
- 3.2.3 If it is necessary to bring a starter tenancy to an end during the first six months, PCHA may use the discretionary grounds for possession outlined in the Housing Act 1988 as amended by the Housing Act 1996.
- 3.2.4 In severe cases of nuisance or ASB, PCHA will also use other legal remedies to prevent harm being caused to persons or damage to properties including injunctions.
- 3.2.5 In the case of tenancy enforcement action for rent arrears, PCHA may use the discretionary grounds at any point during the term of the tenancy (including for assured short-hold tenancies and assured tenancies)
- 3.2.6 If PCHA seeks to terminate a starter tenancy for rent arrears, nuisance or ASB a Section 21 Notice requiring possession will be served.
- 3.2.7 PCHA will only issue a section 21 notice after at least 4 months from the start of the original tenancy. The notice will expire after 6 months if PCHA does not issue court proceedings. The Section 21 notice will give a minimum of two months' notice before court action can commence.
- 3.2.8 The Section 21 notice will be accompanied by a letter that explains:
- Why the notice is being served (outlining the specific breaches of tenancy)
 - How the tenant may take up the option to review the decision (including the option to make representation at a review panel) and the deadline for submitting a review request – (see Section 3.5 for further details)

3.3 Extending Starter Tenancies

- 3.3.1 PCHA reserves the right to extend starter tenancies for a period of 3 months from the normal date that the tenancy would convert to an assured non short-hold tenancy. At this time the extension will be reviewed and can be extended for a further 3 months if required (usually up to a maximum of 6 months in total from the end of the starter period).

3.3.2	PCHA will inform tenants of any decision to extend starter tenancies in writing and where possible by personal visit outlining the reasons behind the decision.
3.3.3	<p>PCHA will consider extending a starter tenancy where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There has been low level ASB or a minor tenancy breach and PCHA will give the tenant(s) the opportunity to remedy the breach and prove they can conduct the tenancy satisfactorily • Where a tenant has requested a review of the serving of a notice requiring possession and the review is unlikely to be heard before the 12 month anniversary of the starter tenancy • Where there has been a succession of the tenancy during the starter period (see PCHA Tenancy Transfer, Mutual Exchange and Succession Policy for further details)
3.4	Demoting Assured tenancies
3.4.1	PCHA reserves the right to apply to the County Courts for a demotion order of assured tenancies and protected assured tenancies under the powers that exist in Part 2 of the Anti-Social Behaviour (ASB) Act 2003 and ASB and Policing Act 2014.
3.4.2	<p>The courts will not make a demotion order unless it is satisfied:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) That the tenant or a person residing in or visiting the dwelling-house has engaged or has threatened to engage in conduct to which 153A or 153B of the Housing Act 1996 (anti-social behaviour or use of premises for unlawful purposes) applies, and (b) That is reasonable to make the order
3.4.3	<p>Section 153A of the Housing Act 1996 applies to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conduct which is: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Capable of causing nuisance or annoyance to any person and ○ Directly or indirectly relates to or affects the housing management functions of the landlord
3.4.4	PCHA will only consider demoting assured tenancies as an alternative to applying for outright possession orders, where it is appropriate to send a strong warning to tenants, but it is believed there is an opportunity for the behaviour causing the tenancy breach to be amended and positive steps are being taken to bring this about.
3.4.5	<p>Where PCHA intends to apply for a demotion order a notice will be served on the tenant(s). The notice will:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Give the particulars of the conduct in respect of which the order is sought; (b) State that the proceedings will not begin before the date specified in the notice (giving a minimum of two weeks' notice); (c) State that if PCHA chooses to commence proceedings it will begin within 12 months of the date of service of the notice

3.4.6	Where a demotion order is granted, the assured tenancy will end and it will be replaced with a demoted assured short-hold tenancy. In these circumstances, there will be a loss of rights for the tenant as they will lose the preserved right to buy, right to acquire and the right to mutually exchange or transfer (during the period of demotion).
3.4.7	The above rights will be reinstated if PCHA chooses to convert the demoted assured short-hold tenancy back to an assured tenancy (provided the tenancy breach is remedied), although preserved right to buy discount will not apply to any period of demotion.
3.4.8	PCHA will review the conduct of demoted assured short-hold tenancies at 3 monthly intervals and may apply for possession by serving a section 21 notice at any time (see section 3.2 for details).
3.4.9	Where PCHA initiates possession proceedings on a demoted assured short-hold tenancy, the courts may extend the 12 month period if, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PCHA withdraw a notice of proceedings served within the demoted assured short-hold tenancy period • Six months passes without possession proceedings being issued or • If the proceedings are issued within 6 months until the proceedings are finally determined
3.4.10	If PCHA is satisfied, that during the demoted assured short-hold tenancy period, a tenant has sufficiently and permanently altered their behaviour the tenancy will be converted back to an assured tenancy.
3.4.11	Tenants may request a review of PCHA's decision to demote assured tenancies via the review process (see Section 3.5 below for details).
3.5	PCHA Review process
3.5.1	PCHA will operate a review process for any decision to terminate, extend starter tenancies, or terminate demoted assured short-hold tenancies.
3.5.2	The review process will exist where tenants disagree with PCHA's course of action and not issues of how they are treated during the process, which will be dealt with by PCHA's Complaints process (see PCHA Complaints and Feedback Policy for details).
3.5.3	Where PCHA serve a notice requiring possession of a starter tenancy, serves a notice requiring possession of a demoted assured short-hold tenancy or extends the starter tenancy, the tenant(s) will be informed of their options to have the decision reviewed by an appeals panel.
3.5.4	If tenants want to pursue the option to review the decision they must inform PCHA within 14 days of either the notice being served or receipt of a letter advising the starter tenancy is being extended.
3.5.5	If a review is requested, PCHA will provide the tenant(s) with a summary of the information to be considered by the review panel. PCHA will notify the customer of the results before the date the possession proceedings begin as specified in the notice or letter seeking possession.

3.5.6	If the appeal is against the decision to extend a starter tenancy, PCHA will inform the customer of the outcome of the review before the 12 month anniversary of the starter tenancy.
3.5.7	Tenants may make representation by way of written submission or choose to attend panel hearings in person, where they may be accompanied by a person of their choice (including legal representation).
3.5.8	The PCHA review panel will assess if the legal procedures and notice periods have been adhered to in serving of notices and letters sent to tenant(s) advising them of actions to be taken.
3.5.9	An assessment will also be made of the proportionality and reasonableness of the actions taken (with reference to relevant case law). For more information about the review process, please refer to the PCHA Complaints, Appeals and Feedback Policy.
4	Implementation
4.1	All PCHA staff have responsibility for implementing the PCHA Starter Tenancy Policy in regard to the information and signposting they provide to PCHA customers.
4.2	<p>The PCHA Housing Officer and Bilingual Housing Assistants, acting as case managers will have responsibility for general tenancy management, including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sign-up procedures • Structured tenancy visits (for starter tenancies) • Ad-hoc visits in response to reported incidents or at the tenant(s) request • Serving of notices requiring possession (and delivery of associated information) • Arranging assessments of individual circumstances and capacity to understand tenancy enforcement actions • Preparing cases for appeals panels • Investigating reports of tenancy related ASB
4.3	The Director of Operations – Pine Court will have responsibility for reviewing the operational effectiveness of starter tenancies on an annual basis.
5	Performance
5.1	PCHA have a target to ensure all starter tenancies receive monitoring visits in the first 12 months. This performance indicator will be monitored and reported to customers on a quarterly basis if selected as a 'key performance' indicator by customer representatives within the formal PCHA involvement structure.
6	Consultation
6.1	All PCHA staff have been consulted on the development of this Policy. The PCHA Customer Empowerment Panel have been consulted in the development of this Policy.

7	Review			
7.1	The Policy will be reviewed every three years, as near as is practical from the date of the Director of Operations – Pine Court approval or sooner if required by the introduction of new legislation, changes in PCHA business practice or as a result of system audits.			
8	Equality Impact Assessment			
8.1	Was a full Equality Impact Assessment (EIA) required?	No		
8.2	When was EIA conducted and by who?	The EIA Relevance Test conducted by the Strategic Regulatory Compliance Manager and the Policy and Strategy Administrator in March 2025 is still relevant to this Policy.		
8.3	Results of EIA	The Relevance Test did not identify any adverse or differential impacts for any groups with protected characteristics.		
9	Scheme of delegation			
9.1	Responsible committee for approving and monitoring implementation of the Policy and any amendments to it	PCHA – DMT		
9.2	Responsible officer for formulating Policy and reporting to committee on its effective implementation	Director of Operations – Pine Court		
9.3	Responsible officer for formulating, reviewing and monitoring implementation of procedures	Director of Operations – Pine Court		
10	Amendment log			
Date of revision:		Reason for revision:	Consultation record:	Record of amendments:
12 th April 2022		In line with review schedule	See Section 6	There are no significant changes to the Policy in this review.
17 th June 2025		In line with review schedule	See Section 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Team names updated throughoutEIA updated in section 8Equality, Diversity and Human Rights

			statement updated
6 th November 2025	To bring Policy in line with PCHA business practice	See Section 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reference to three yearly strategic review removed throughout • Relevant Regulatory Standards updated at 1.4 • Job titles and numbering scheme reviewed throughout • Policy added to section 1.7